



Deccan Education Society's

## Shri Navalmal Firodia Law College

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Date- 28.01.2018

### NOTICE

College is organizing a Seminar on “**Better Policing**” on **Tuesday 30.01.2018**.

The seminar is organised in association with **Public Concern for Governance Trust (PCGT)**”

All students are directed to attend the Seminar.

Attendance will be marked for the same.

#### **Guest Speakers -**

1. Mr. Prakash Singh
2. Mr. Jayant Umranikar

#### Date

Tuesday 30.01.2018

#### Time

10:00 am to 11:30 pm

#### Venue

Kundanmal Firodia Auditorium

*Alan*



Public Concern for Governance Trust, Pune Chapter  
In association with  
Deccan Education Society's  
Navalmal Firodia Law College, Pune  
(P.G. Department)



*Seminar on BETTER POLICING*

Venue: Kundanmal Firodia Auditorium, F.C. Campus

Date: 30<sup>th</sup> January, 2018

11.00 –11.30 am	High Tea	
11.30 am	Arrival of Dignitaries on the Dais	
11.30 am–11.35 am	Lighting of the Lamp	Dignitaries on the Dais
11.35 am –11.40 am	Welcome Address	Dr. Rohini Honap, Principal, DES Law College
11.40 am–11.47am	Introduction of PCGT/ Theme / Subject	Mr.A V Krishnan,IPS(Retd) Member, PCGT Pune Chapter
11.47pm –11.50am	Felicitation of Mr.Prakash Singh, IPS (Retd) & Mr. Jayant Umranikar, IPS (Retd)	Dr. Rohini Honap, Principal, DES Law College
11.50am –11.55am	Introduction to Speakers	Student, NFLC
11.55am –12.15 pm	Address By	Mr. Jayant Umranikar, IPS (Retd) Former DGP, (Special Operations), In the Police HQ, Mumbai
12.15pm – 12.55pm	Key Note Address	Mr. Prakash Singh, IPS (Retd) Former DGP, Uttar Pradesh & Assam
12-55pm-1-05pm	Concluding Remark	Mr. S C Nagpal, IRS (Retd) Chairman, PCGT Pune Chapter
01.05 pm –1.25 pm	Questions / Answers Session	Mr. Satyabir S. Dodd,IAS (Retd) Member,PCGT, Pune Chapter
01.25 pm –1.30 pm	Vote of Thanks	Professor. NFLC, Pune
1.30 pm –1.35 pm	National Anthem	





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Shri. Navalmal Firodia Law College, Pune

### **Seminar Report 2017-18**

### **Seminar on "Better Policing" (In association with PCGT)**

The one-day Seminar on "Better Policing" on 30 January 2018 in association with PCGT highlighted what ails the police force. Some of these issues are political interference, leadership issues, bad working conditions, low salaries, mismanagement etc. But the most problematic but least talked about ailment of Policing is corruption which further causes anarchy and injustice.

Mr. Prakash Singh Spokes about the Law-and-Order division of Police looks after the law and order situation in a particular area. All illegal activities – bars, shops, restaurants, illegal joints etc. pay money on a regular basis, to this division. One of the main causes for the anarchy we see in the system is due to this department.

Not only in India but globally, legal regulation of sporting world has become extremely necessary. Sports are played at national and international levels. General Assembly of United Nations has adopted resolution 58/5, which recognises sport and physical education as a means to promote education, health, development and peace. Sports also promote careers and entertainments leading to requirement of regularly measures.

Sports law is an amalgam of laws that apply to athletes and the sports they play. It is not a single legal topic with generally applicable principles. Sports law touches on a variety of matter including contract, tort, trade mark, agency, antitrust, constitutional law, labour, sex discrimination, criminal and tax issues. There is a huge interest in sports, both on and off the field. The growing media coverage of highly paid athletics, advertising endorsement has let to various legal issues surrounding the sports industry. Sports law is a vital part to sports. There need to be a strong

*Prakash Singh*



presence of good governance and someone to uphold the rules of game when they come into disrepute.

Since the interest in actual crime, either to prevent or to detect the crime is very low; a system called Burking is employed by the police. Whenever a crime takes place and the complainant comes to report, the crime is not properly recorded. Therefore, crimes are deliberately suppressed in the records.

Investigation requires a lot of time, patience, and hard work. Not only are more personnel required for the investigation, but they have to be trained and mentored on the job to do a professional investigation. Lack of professional investigation results in lower conviction rates. Burking, misuse of powers, corruption in policing – must be dealt with severe rules, laws, and a judicial system.

The Supreme Court has thus given directives based on the reforms suggested in the National Police Commission's report. In a nutshell, the state governments are directed to constitute a State Security Commission to ensure that the state government does not exercise pressure on the police. Also Ensure that the Director General of Police is appointed through a transparent process and set up a Police Establishment Board, which will decide all transfers, postings, promotions and other service-related matters of police officers.

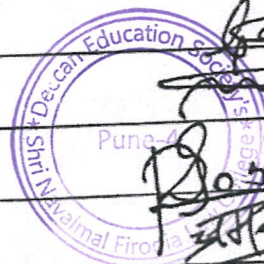
However, all these directives of the Supreme Court have either – not been implemented by the state governments or they are not implemented properly. Another aspect of better policing is that it should be more Citizen Friendly. It is not the public who have to go to the police, but it is the other way round wherein it is the Police who have to reach the public. With regular interaction, such problems can either be resolved or contained. Citizen-friendly police will also help in getting criminal intelligence, either to prevent it or solve it.

This National Seminar was organized as an endeavour towards focusing these gray areas related to sport and law. We hope its outcome will be in the interest and benefit of stakeholders such as sport persons, sports organisations, regulatory bodies, lawyers, numerous sport loving Indians and overall development of sports law jurisprudence.

*P. Manj*



Name	Year	Sign
MIMIR. EKBOTE		
AKASH B. AUTE	IV BALLB	MAR
Pradnya Kamble	III LLB '13'	<del>Pradnya</del>
Devanshi Buvande	2 <sup>nd</sup> BALLB	Devanshi
Vishakha paturkar	2 <sup>nd</sup> BALLB	<del>Vishakha</del>
Pravin Nikam	III <sup>rd</sup> L.L.B	Pravin
Kushal.R.Karwa.	III <sup>rd</sup> LLB	<del>Kushal</del>
Pawar Pratik M	1 <sup>st</sup> LLB	<del>Pawar</del>
Sahil SINGHAL	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL LLB	<del>Sahil</del>
ROHAN VEJAYKUMAR THATIL	V <sup>th</sup> B.S.L.L.L.B.	R.V.Thatil
Suwaid Mansoor	IV <sup>th</sup> B.S.L.LLB	Suwaid
Richard Peter	V BSL LLB	<del>Richard</del>
PRIYA MODI	V BSL LLB	Priya
Akshay Jain	V BSL LLB	<del>Akshay</del>
Chinmay Abhang	V BSL LLB	<del>Chinmay</del>
Darshina Naval	V BSL LLB	DNaval
Chinmay Gunjal	4 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Chinmay</del>
AbhaTolla	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Abha</del>
Apurva Soykar.	4 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Apurva</del>
<del>ANANT DESHMUKH</del>	<del>5<sup>th</sup> BSL</del>	<del>Anant</del>
Anant Deshmukh	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	Anant
Ajay Pabil	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Ajay</del>
Jamrat.S.Jambhulkar	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Jamrat</del>
Bhargav Pataskar	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	Bhargav
Gauri Bihani	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Gauri</del>
Samrudhi khule	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Samrudhi</del>
Siddhi Doshi	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	Siddhi
Anan Padha	5 <sup>th</sup> BSL	<del>Anan</del>





Konark Gupta

5th BSL

T. B. K. T. I.

Anuj Mantse

5th BSL

K. J. J.

32)	Roshan. Bangode	III LL
33)	Anuja M. Shinde	5th BSL
34)	Kalyani E. Ghepade	5th BSL
35)	Gayatri N. Kulkarni	5th BSL
36)	Aishwarya Singh	5th BSL
37)	Aishwarya Vinod	4th BS
38)	Pooja Patase	5th BS
39)	Neha Tawde	5th BS
40)	Meghana Wighe	5th B
41)	Shamsh Kamawat	5th B
42)	Shravya Kulkarni	5th B
43)	Rituja. Bhaskar	1st BA
44)	Sinder Yadav	5th B
45)	Akshay Durgut	5th B
46)	Meghdheep Oak	5th BSL
47)	Amey Chaudhary	5th BSL
48)	Pratik Gande	5th B

